| Keywords: | Compound / Density / Pressure / Newton |  |  |  |
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| Definition / Description: | Compound: A Mixture | Density: an objects mas per unit volume | Pressure: Force per unit area | Newton: Unit for weight and force |
| Knowledge points: | Speed Distance, Time: <br> Speed = Distance $\div$ Time | Average Speed: <br> Total Distance $\div$ Total Time | Density: <br> Density $=$ Mass $\div$ Volume | Pressure: <br> Pressure = Force $\div$ Area |
| Knowledge point examples: | If I travel 72 miles in 3 hours what is my speed? <br> Speed = Distance $\div$ Time <br> 72 miles $\div 3$ hours $=\underline{\mathbf{2 4 m p h}}$ <br> Mark cycles 42 km at an average speed of $14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. How long does it take him? <br> Time $=$ distance $\div$ Speed <br> $42 \mathrm{~km} \div 14 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}=\underline{3 \text { hours }}$ <br> A bird flies for 40 minutes at an average speed of $11 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$. How far does the bird fly in kilometres? <br> 40 minutes $=2400$ seconds Distance $=$ Speed $x$ Time $11 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \times 2400 \mathrm{~s}=26400 \mathrm{~m}$ $=\mathbf{2 6 . 4} \mathrm{km}$ | A car travels 60 km at $30 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ and then a further 180 km at 160 km/h. Find: <br> a) the total time taken in hours: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Time }=\text { distance } \div \text { Speed }= \\ & =60 \div 30=2 \text { hours } \\ & =180 \div 160=1.125 \text { hours } \\ & =\mathbf{3 . 1 2 5} \mathbf{h r s} \end{aligned}$ <br> b) the average speed for the whole journey $=(60+180) \div 3.125$ $=76.8 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ | A piece of silver has a mass of 42 g and a volume of $4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. Work out the density of silver Density $=$ Mass $\div$ Volume $=42 \mathrm{~g} \div 4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=10.5 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ <br> A 50 g piece of wood which has a density of $0.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$ Work out the volume of the block. <br> Volume $=$ Mass $\div$ Density $50 \mathrm{~g} \div 0.4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}=125 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ | A force of 30 Newtons is applied to an area of $1.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. Work out the pressure in $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ <br> Pressure $=$ Force $\div$ Area $30 \mathrm{~N} \div 1.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}=20 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ <br> A force is applied to an area of $4.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$. <br> It produces pressure of 12 $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. <br> Work out the force in Newtons. <br> Force $=$ Pressure $\times$ Area $12 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \times 4.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}=\underline{54 \mathrm{~N}}$ |
| Linked Knowledge Maps | Non-compound measures / Bounds |  |  |  |

