## Definition /

 Description:
## Knowledge

 points:
## Knowledge

 point examples:Opposite: The side opposite the given angle

Label triangle to use with trigonometric formulae

Adjacent: The side in between the given angle and the right angle

Perpendicular:
Two sides that are at a right angle to one another

Inverse: To apply an opposite function

Subject: The
unknown variable of a formula

Know and apply the cosine rule to find unknown angles and sides $a^{2}=b^{2}+c^{2}-2 b c \cos \mathrm{~A}$

Use the cosine rule to work out the unknown


Area $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$
Area $=\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 8 \times \sin 38$
Area $=7.4 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

Area of the triangle $=1.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
Calculate the size of angle $\theta$.


Area $=\frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$
$1.5=\frac{1}{2} \times 1.7 \times 2.8 \sin \theta$
$1.5=2.38 \sin \theta$
$\frac{1.5}{2.38}=\sin \theta$
$\theta=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{1.5}{2.38}\right)$
$\theta=39.1^{\circ}$

## Linked

