Topic Sequence:									
	1	2	3		4		1	6	
Computatio	nal Thinking	Data	Computers	Hets	vorks	Issues an	d Impacts	Programming	
Topic Overview:									
This extensive programming unit takes learners from being complete novices to having the confidence to tackle any GCSE-level programming challenge. Essential programming theory is also interleaved into the practical elements of programming to provide tangible links between required knowledge and skills. The latest pedagogical research has been used to ensure that learners are appropriately scaffolded and challenged as they move through the lessons.  Links:  GCSE Computing Topic 6 - Programming									
Lesson Sequence:									
Lesson 1 Translators: In this lesson, learners will be introduced to the notion that humans interpret instructions differently to computers. This is to help them understand that computers need clear and precise instructions in order to perform the expected task.  Lesson 2 Sequence: In this lesson, learners will be introduced to Thonny. They will learn about the function of an IDE and why programmers use these to write programs. Learners will be given some simple code to predict, run, investigate, and modify  Lesson 3 Variables: Learners will find out about variables during this lesson. They will learn about the purpose of variables, but also the technical aspects of creating variables to a uniform standard.  Lesson 4 Input: During this lesson learners will start to add interactivity to their programs by introducing the input() function. Learners will be given a demonstration of how input() is used in Python and then asked to add this feature in their silly stories that were created last lesson.  Lesson 5 Anadomisation: In this lesson, learners will be introduced to the concept of random numbers using Python documentation. Learners will determine what the random module is capable of, and how random numbers can be generated in Python.  Lesson 6 Arithmetic Expressions: This lesson has been designed to ensure that learners understand the rules of operator precedence when evaluating arithmetic expressions. They will be reminded of BIDMAS, before investigating code that uses various arithmetic expressions.  Lesson 7 Selection: This lesson moves learners on to the next big programming construct: selection. They will be introduced to it initially through a flowchart that demonstrates how a condition can be used to control the flow of execution in a program. They will then learn about definitions for logical expressions and conditions.  Lesson 8 Selection Challenge: This lesson is an extension of Lesson 8, in which learners completed a PRIMM activity that introduced them to selection.  Lesson 10 Nested Selection: This l									
design a program. It has been designed over two lessons to give learners the time to get stuck into solving a problem  Sequence of Lessons:  Topic Resources:									
1		6.1 Translato	ors	Knowledge	Programn	ning	Any other Resources:		
2		6.2 Sequenc	e	Мар:	Frogrami	ning			
3		6.3 Variable	s	Assessmen	Assessment:				
4		6.4 Input		Knowledge:					
5		6.5 Randomisa	tion			Assessments after lessons: 4, 10 and 16			
6	2	6.6 Arithmetic Exp	ressions	Application of Knowledge:		Mastery booklet Practical Programming Evidence			
7		6.7 Selection	n						
8		6.8 Selection Cha	llenge						
9		6.9 Logical Expre	ssions	Supportive Reading:		Locar (acros) repries			
10		6.10 Nested Sele	ection	Craig n Dave Videos		GCSE (1CP2) EDEXCEL: Topic 6A Developing code – YouTube GCSE (1CP2) EDEXCEL: Topic 6B Programming fundamentals - YouTube			
11		6.11 While Lo	ops						
12		6.13 Trace Tab	oles	BBC Bite Size		Programming constructs - Edexcel - GCSE Computer Science Revision - Edexcel - BBC Bitesize			
13		6.13 For Loo	ps						
14		6.14 Data Valida	ation	Revision Guide		Pearson REVISE Edexcel GCSE Computer Science Revision Guide inc online edition - 2023 and 2024 Weidmann, Ann, Selby, Cynthia: 9781292374000: Books			
15/16		6.15/6.16 Pseud	ocode						